

Package ‘corx’

July 22, 2025

Type Package

Title Create and Format Correlation Matrices

Version 1.0.7.2

Date 2023-06-15

Description Create correlation (or partial correlation) matrices. Correlation matrices are formatted with significance stars based on user preferences. Matrices of coefficients, p-values, and number of pairwise observations are returned. Send resultant formatted matrices to the clipboard to be pasted into excel and other programs. A plot method allows users to visualize correlation matrices created with 'corx'.

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Encoding UTF-8

URL <https://github.com/conig/corx>

Depends R (>= 3.6)

Imports crayon, ggcorrplot, glue, clipr, tidyselect, moments, ggpubr, ggplot2, stats, methods, ppcor

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Suggests covr, papaja, psych, testthat

NeedsCompilation no

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2023-06-16 04:10:02 UTC

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|-------------|-----------------|
| adjust_pmat | <i>adjust_p</i> |
|-------------|-----------------|

Description

adjust_p

Usage

```
adjust_pmat(pmat, p_adjust)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|--|
| pmat | matrix of p-values to adjust |
| p_adjust | character describing adjustment to make. See stats::p.adjust |

| | |
|------------|-------------------|
| apa_matrix | <i>apa matrix</i> |
|------------|-------------------|

Description

Creates an apa matrix

Usage

```
apa_matrix(r_matrix, p_matrix, stars, round, remove_lead, triangle)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|---|
| r_matrix | correlation coefficient matrix |
| p_matrix | p-value matrix |
| stars | a vector of pvalue stars |
| round | How many digits to round to? |
| remove_lead | a logical. Should leading zeros be removed? |
| triangle | can select lower upper or NULL |

| | |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| apa_table.corx | <i>apa_table.corx</i> |
|----------------|-----------------------|

Description

method for papaja::apa_table for corx objects

Usage

```
apa_table.corx(corx, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|--------------------------------------|
| corx | corx object |
| ... | Other arguments to papaja::apa_table |

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| check_classes | <i>check_classes</i> |
|---------------|----------------------|

Description

check all classes are as expected

Usage

```
check_classes(data, ok_classes, stop_message, stop = TRUE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|---|
| data | the data object |
| ok_classes | a vector of allowed classes |
| stop_message | a character string provided to users if error triggers. |
| stop | should the variable stop, or create a warning? |

| | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| cor <code>mat_list</code> | <i>cor<code>mat_list</code></i> |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|

Description

cor`mat_list`

Usage

```
cormat_list(data, x, y, z, method, p_adjust)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| data | data.frame |
| x | character vector, row names |
| y | character vector, column names |
| z | character vector, partial variable names |
| method | string, passed to cor.test |
| p <code>_adjust</code> | string, passed to p.adjust |

| | |
|------|-------------|
| corx | <i>corx</i> |
|------|-------------|

Description

Calculates correlations matrices. Relevant values are stored in a list with methods for easy retrieval and formatting in publication ready tables.

Usage

```
corx(
  data,
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL,
  z = NULL,
  method = c("pearson", "spearman", "kendall"),
  stars = c(0.05, 0.01, 0.001),
  p_adjust = c("none", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH", "BY", "fdr"),
  round = 2,
  remove_lead = TRUE,
  triangle = NULL,
  caption = NULL,
  note = NULL,
  describe = FALSE,
  grey_nonsig = TRUE,
  call_only = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|--|
| data | data.frame or matrix |
| x | a vector of rownames. Defaults to all |
| y | a vector of colnames. If not supplied, y is set to x. |
| z | a vector of variable names. Control variables to be used in partial correlations - defaults to NULL |
| method | character. One of "pearson", "spearman", or "kendall" |
| stars | a numeric vector. This argument defines cut-offs for p-value stars. |
| p_adjust | character. What adjustment for multiple tests should be used? One of "none" (default), "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH", "BY", or "fdr" |
| round | numeric. Number of digits in printing |
| remove_lead | logical. if TRUE (the default), leading zeros are removed in summaries |
| triangle | character. one of "lower", "upper" or NULL (the default) |
| caption | character. table caption. Passed to plots |
| note | character. Text for a table note |
| describe | list of named functions. If functions are supplied to describe, new columns will be bound to the 'APA matrix' for each function in the list. Describe also accepts a variety of shortcuts. If describe is set to TRUE, mean and standard deviation are returned for all row variables. Describe can accept a character vector to call the following descriptive functions: c('mean', 'sd', 'var', 'median', 'iqr', 'skewness', 'kurtosis'). These shortcuts are powered by 'tidyselect'. Skewness and kurtosis are calculated using the 'moments' package. All functions retrieved with shortcuts remove missing values. |
| grey_nonsig | logical. Should non-significant values be grey in output? This argument does nothing if describe is not set to FALSE |
| call_only | logical. For debugging, if TRUE only the call is returned |

Details

Constructs correlation matrices using `stats::cor.test` unless `z` is specified. When `z` is specified `ppcor::ppcor.test` is used instead. Character and factor variables are not accepted. To prevent errors, users must first convert all variables to numeric.

Partial correlations:

Supplying the argument `z` will call `ppcor::pcor.test` the correlation pair are supplied to arguments `x` and `y`. The vector of `z` given to `corx` is passed to argument `z` in `pcor.test`.

Missing data:

Observations containing missing data required to complete a correlation or partial correlation are automatically removed.

P-adjust:

P-values attained can be adjusted for multiple comparisons by using the `'p_adjust'` argument. This calls the function `stats::p.adjust`. When a matrix is symmetrical, p-values are only adjusted for unique comparisons. When a correlation matrix is not symmetrical, all comparisons are assumed to be unique.

Value

A list of class 'corx' which includes: * "call" The call which if evaluated reproduces the object * "apa" An 'APA' formatted correlation matrix with significance stars * "r" Raw correlation coefficients * "p" p-values * "n" Pairwise observations * "caption" Object caption * "note" Object note

Examples

```
cor_mat <- corx(mtcars, x = c(mpg,cyl,disp), y = c(wt,drat,disp,qsec),
              z = wt, round = 2, stars = c(0.05),
              caption = "Controlling for weight" ,
              describe = list("mean" = function(x) mean(x,na.rm=TRUE)))
cor_mat
coef(cor_mat)
cor_mat$p
plot(cor_mat)
cor_2 <- corx(iris[,-5], describe = c(median, IQR = iqr, kurt = kurtosis),
             note = "Using shortcuts to select describe functions", triangle = "lower")
cor_2
```

digits

digits

Description

Consistent rounding for strings

Usage

```
digits(x, n = 2)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|------------------|
| x | number to round |
| n | number of digits |

partial_n_matrix

partial_n_matrix

Description

Calculate complete observations for a crosstab + a third variable

Usage

```
partial_n_matrix(data, x, y, z)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|-------------------------|
| data | data.frame or matrix |
| x | rownames |
| y | colnames |
| z | partial variable vector |

plot.corx

plot.corx

Description

plot.corx

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'corx'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|---|
| x | a corx object |
| ... | other arguments to ggcorrplot::ggcorrplot |

plot_mds

plot_mds

Description

Perform multidimensional scaling of a corx object and plot results

Usage

```
plot_mds(corx, k = NULL, abs = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|---|
| corx | corx object |
| k | numeric. The number of clusters. If set to "auto" will be equal to the number of principal components that explain more than 5% of total variance. |
| abs | logical. If TRUE (the default) negative correlations will be turned positive. This means items with high negative correlations will be treated as highly similar. |
| ... | additional arguments passed to ggpubr::ggscatter |

Details

plot_mds performs classic multidimensional scaling on a correlation matrix. The correlation matrix is first converted to a distance matrix using `psych::cor2dist`. This function employs the following formula:

$$d = \sqrt{2 * (1 - r)}$$

These distances are then passed to `stats::cmdscale` where $k = 2$. To compute *latex*, distances are predict from the `cmdscale` output and correlated with input distances. This correlation is squared. If the value of R^2 is less than 70%, a warning will inform users that two-dimensions may not be sufficient to represent item relationships. The position of variables is then plotted with `ggplot2`. Clusters of items are identified using `stats::kmeans`. The number of clusters is determined using principal component analysis unless specified.

References

Carlson, D.L., 2017. Quantitative methods in archaeology using R. Cambridge University Press.

| | |
|------------|-------------------|
| print.corx | <i>print.corx</i> |
|------------|-------------------|

Description

print.corx

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'corx'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|-----------------|
| x | object |
| ... | extra arguments |

| | |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| rename_if_needed | <i>rename if needed</i> |
|------------------|-------------------------|

Description

Renames columns

Usage

```
rename_if_needed(data, x)
```


Arguments

| | |
|------|---|
| data | data object |
| x | a character vector. If named, columns will be renamed |

| | |
|-------------|--------------------|
| star_matrix | <i>star_matrix</i> |
|-------------|--------------------|

Description

Replaces p-values with stars

Usage

```
star_matrix(m, stars)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|--|
| m | matrix of p-values |
| stars | a vector of p-value thresholds to replace with stars |

| | |
|--------------|---------------------|
| to_clipboard | <i>to_clipboard</i> |
|--------------|---------------------|

Description

Sends a formatted corx table to the clipboard so that it can be pasted into excel.

Usage

```
to_clipboard(x, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|--|
| x | a corx object, matrix, or data.frame |
| ... | additional arguments passed to 'clipr::write_clip' |

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| <code>to_table</code> | <i>to_table</i> |
|-----------------------|-----------------|

Description

Tabulate correlation matrices

Usage

```
to_table(corx, include_p = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <code>corx</code> | a corx object |
| <code>include_p</code> | logical. should p-values be included? |

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