

Package ‘fixes’

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Type Package

Title Tools for Creating and Visualizing Fixed-Effects Event Study Models

Version 0.5.0

Description Provides functions for creating, analyzing, and visualizing event study models using fixed-effects regression. Supports staggered adoption, multiple confidence intervals, flexible clustering, and panel/time transformations in a simple workflow.

Depends R (>= 4.1.0)

Imports dplyr, ggplot2, fixest, broom, tibble, rlang

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Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, haven, testthat

VignetteBuilder knitr

URL <https://github.com/yo5uke/fixes>

BugReports <https://github.com/yo5uke/fixes/issues>

NeedsCompilation no

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Description

plot_es() produces standard event study plots, showing estimated effects and confidence intervals across event time. Supports both ribbon and errorbar styles, multiple confidence levels, and several ggplot2 themes.

Usage

```
plot_es(
  data,
  ci_level = 0.95,
  type = "ribbon",
  vline_val = 0,
  vline_color = "#000",
  hline_val = 0,
  hline_color = "#000",
  linewidth = 1,
  pointsize = 2,
  alpha = 0.2,
  barwidth = 0.2,
  color = "#B25D91FF",
  fill = "#B25D91FF",
  theme_style = "bw"
)
```

Arguments

data	Data frame returned by run_es().
ci_level	Confidence level for intervals (numeric, e.g. 0.95). Must match columns like 'conf_low_95'.
type	Confidence interval style: "ribbon" (default) or "errorbar".
vline_val	X value for vertical reference line (default: 0).
vline_color	Color for vertical line.
hline_val	Y value for horizontal reference line (default: 0).
hline_color	Color for horizontal line.
linewidth	Width of estimate line or error bars.
pointsize	Point size for estimates.
alpha	Transparency for ribbon (default: 0.2).
barwidth	Width of error bars (if type = "errorbar").
color	Color for lines and points.
fill	Fill color for ribbon.
theme_style	ggplot2 theme: "bw" (default), "minimal", or "classic".

Details

Visualizes event study estimates and confidence intervals produced by `run_es()`.

Value

A `ggplot2` object.

Author(s)

Yosuke Abe

See Also

[run_es](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
result <- run_es(...)  
plot_es(result, ci_level = 0.95, type = "ribbon")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

run_es

Event Study Estimation for Panel Data

Description

`run_es()` is a user-friendly event study wrapper for panel data, supporting both classic (universal timing) and staggered (unit-varying timing) settings. It generates lead/lag dummy variables around treatment, builds the regression formula, and returns tidy results with confidence intervals for arbitrary levels.

Usage

```
run_es(  
  data,  
  outcome,  
  treatment,  
  time,  
  timing,  
  fe,  
  lead_range = NULL,  
  lag_range = NULL,  
  covariates = NULL,  
  cluster = NULL,  
  weights = NULL,
```

```

baseline = -1,
interval = 1,
time_transform = FALSE,
unit = NULL,
staggered = FALSE,
conf.level = 0.95
)

```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	A <code>data.frame</code> with panel data. Must contain all required variables.
<code>outcome</code>	Outcome variable (unquoted variable name or expression, e.g. <code>log(y)</code>).
<code>treatment</code>	Treatment indicator (unquoted; 0/1 or logical).
<code>time</code>	Time variable (unquoted; numeric or Date).
<code>timing</code>	Treatment timing: a numeric or Date for universal timing, or a variable (unquoted) for staggered.
<code>fe</code>	One-sided formula for fixed effects (e.g. <code>~ id + year</code>).
<code>lead_range</code>	Number of pre-treatment periods to include (default: detected from data).
<code>lag_range</code>	Number of post-treatment periods to include (default: detected from data).
<code>covariates</code>	One-sided formula of additional controls (optional).
<code>cluster</code>	Cluster variable(s), as a one-sided formula or character vector (optional).
<code>weights</code>	Observation weights (formula, character, or unquoted variable).
<code>baseline</code>	Baseline period for normalization (default: -1, i.e., one period before treatment).
<code>interval</code>	Numeric; interval of the time variable (default: 1).
<code>time_transform</code>	Logical; if TRUE, converts time variable to consecutive integer within units (requires <code>unit</code>).
<code>unit</code>	Panel unit variable (required if <code>time_transform = TRUE</code>).
<code>staggered</code>	Logical; if TRUE, treats timing as variable (default: FALSE).
<code>conf.level</code>	Numeric vector of confidence levels (e.g. <code>c(0.90, 0.95, 0.99)</code>); default: 0.95).

Details

Runs an event study regression on panel data, automatically generating lead/lag dummies around a treatment event.

The function does not require explicit formula specification; dummy variables and model formula are constructed internally. Baseline normalization (reference category) can be customized. Untreated units or units never treated are supported. Missing values in key variables result in an error.

Value

A `data.frame` with class `"es_result"`, containing:

term Dummy variable name (leadX, lagY)

estimate, std.error, statistic, p.value Coefficient estimates, standard errors, test statistics, and p-values

conf_low_XX, conf_high_XX Confidence intervals at each requested level

relative_time Period relative to treatment (0 = event)

is_baseline Logical, is this the baseline period (estimate always 0)

Attributes: lead_range, lag_range, baseline, interval, call, model_formula, conf.level.

Key Features

- One-step event study: specify outcome, treatment, time, timing, and fixed effects directly.
- Supports both universal and staggered treatment timing.
- Flexible covariate, clustering, and weighting options.
- Customizable lead/lag window and baseline normalization.
- Returns a tidy data.frame (class "es_result") with estimates and confidence intervals.

Author(s)

Yosuke Abe

See Also

[plot_es](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Simulated example
result <- run_es(
  data      = panel_data,
  outcome   = y,
  treatment = treated_1998,
  time      = year,
  timing    = 1998,
  fe        = ~ firm_id + year,
  cluster   = ~ state_id,
  lead_range = 3,
  lag_range  = 3,
  conf.level = c(0.90, 0.95, 0.99)
)
plot_es(result)

## End(Not run)
```

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