

Package ‘mdw’

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Title Maximum Diversity Weighting

Version 2024.8-1

Description

Dimension-reduction methods aim at defining a score that maximizes signal diversity. Three approaches, tree weight, maximum entropy weights, and maximum variance weights are provided. These methods are described in He and Fong (2019) <[DOI:10.1002/sim.8212](https://doi.org/10.1002/sim.8212)>.

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

Suggests R.rsp, RUnit, Rmosek, mvtnorm, gtools

Imports kyotil, MASS, Matrix

License GPL-2

Encoding UTF-8

VignetteBuilder R.rsp

NeedsCompilation no

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 asym.v.e

Asymptotic variance for maximum entropy weights

Description

asym.v.e produces estimated asymptotic covariance matrix of the first $p-1$ maximum entropy weights (because the p weights sum to 1).

Usage

```
asym.v.e(X, w, h)
```

Arguments

X	n by p matrix containing observations of p biomarkers of n subjects.
w	maximum entropy weights for dataset X with bandwidth h used
h	bandwidth for kernel density estimation.

Examples

```
library(MASS)
# a three biomarkers dataset generated from independent normal(0,1)
X = mvrnorm(n = 100, mu=rep(0,3), Sigma=diag(3), tol = 1e-6, empirical = FALSE, EISPACK = FALSE)
h = 1
w <- entropy.weight(X,h)
asym.v.e(X,w,h)
```

 asym.v.v

Asymptotic variance for maximum variance weights

Description

asym.v.v produces estimated asymptotic covariance matrix of the first $p-1$ maximum variance weights (because the p weights sum to 1).

Usage

```
asym.v.v(X, w)
```

Arguments

X	n by p matrix containing observations of p biomarkers of n subjects.
w	maximum variance weights for dataset X

Examples

```
library(MASS)
# a three biomarkers dataset generated from independent normal(0,1)
X = mvrnorm(n = 100, mu=rep(0,3), Sigma=diag(3), tol = 1e-6, empirical = FALSE, EISPACK = FALSE)
w <- var.weight(X)
asym.v.v(X,w)
```

entropy.weight	<i>Maximum entropy weights</i>
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Description

entropy.weight produces a set of weights that maximizes the total weighted entropy of the distribution of different biomarkers within each subject, values of biomarkers can be either continuous or categorical.

Usage

```
entropy.weight(X, h)
```

Arguments

X	n by p maxtrix containing observations of p biomarkers of n subjects.
h	bandwidth for kernel density estimation. if data is categorical, set to 'na'.

Examples

```
library(MASS)
# a three biomarkers dataset generated from independent normal(0,1)
set.seed(1)
X = mvrnorm(n = 100, mu=rep(0,3), Sigma=diag(3), tol = 1e-6, empirical = FALSE, EISPACK = FALSE)
entropy.weight(X, h=1)
###
# a three categorical biomarkers dataset
set.seed(1)
tmp=mvrnorm(n=10,mu=c(0,0,0),Sigma = diag(3))
dat=t(apply(tmp, 1, function(x) cut(x,c(-Inf,-0.5,0.5,Inf),labels=1:3)))
entropy.weight(dat,h='na')
```

get.bw *Bandwidth Selection*

Description

get.bw applies a specified bandwidth selection method to the dataset subject-wisely and return the median of the n selected bandwidths as the choice of bandwidth for entropy.weight.

Usage

```
get.bw(x, bw = c("nrd", "ucv", "bcv", "SJ"), nb)
```

Arguments

x n by p maxtrix containing observations of p biomarkers of n subjects.

bw bandwidth selectors of nrd, ucv, bcv, and SJ corresponding to R functions bw.nrd, bw.ucv, bw.bcv, and bw.SJ.

nb number of bins to use, 'na' if bw='nrd'

Examples

```
library(MASS)
# a ten biomarkers dataset generated from independent normal(0,1)
x = mvrnorm(n = 100, mu=rep(0,10), Sigma=diag(10), tol = 1e-6, empirical = FALSE, EISPACK = FALSE)
get.bw(x,bw='ucv',nb=100)
get.bw(x,bw='nrd',nb='na')
```

mdw *mdw Package*

Description

Please see the [Index](#) link below for a list of available functions.

pca.weight *Weights based on PCA*

Description

pca.weight produce the coefficients of the first principal component

Usage

```
pca.weight(emp.cor)
```

Arguments

emp.cor empirical correlation matrix of the dataset

Examples

```
library(MASS)
# a three biomarkers dataset generated from independent normal(0,1)
X = mvrnorm(n = 100, mu=rep(0,3), Sigma=diag(3), tol = 1e-6, empirical = FALSE, EISPACK = FALSE)
emp.cor <- cor(X)
pca.weight(emp.cor)
```

tree.weight *Weights based on GSC Tree Method*

Description

tree.weight Produce a set of weights for different end points based on a correlation matrix using the GSC tree method

Usage

```
tree.weight (cor.mat, method="GSC", clustering.method="average", plot=TRUE,
orientation=c("vertical","horizontal"), ...)
```

Arguments

cor.mat a matrix, correlation matrix

method a string. GSC, implementation of Gerstein et al., is the only implemented currently

clustering.method a string, how the bottom-up hierarchical clustering tree is built, is passed to hclust as the method parameter

plot a Boolean, whether to plot the tree

orientation vertical or horizontal

... additional args

Value

A vector of weights that sum to 1.

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References

Gerstein, M., Sonnhammer, E., and Chothia, C. (1994), Volume changes in protein evolution. *J Mol Biol*, 236, 1067-78.

Examples

```
cor.mat=diag(rep(1,3))
cor.mat[1,2]<-cor.mat[2,1]<-0.9
cor.mat[1,3]<-cor.mat[3,1]<-0.1
cor.mat[2,3]<-cor.mat[3,2]<-0.1
tree.weight(cor.mat)
```

var.weight

Maximum variance weights

Description

var.weight produces a set of weights that maximizes the total weighted variance of the distribution of different biomarkers within each subject.

Usage

```
var.weight(X, method = c("optim", "mosek"))
```

Arguments

X	n by p matrix containing observations of p biomarkers of n subjects.
method	optim (default) using R constrOptim function from stats package for optimization, mosek using mosek function from Rmosek package for optimization

Examples

```
library(MASS)
# a three biomarkers dataset generated from independent normal(0,1)
X = mvrnorm(n = 100, mu=rep(0,3), Sigma=diag(3), tol = 1e-6, empirical = FALSE, EISPACK = FALSE)
# compute maximum variance weights using constrOptim for optimization
var.weight(X)

## Not run:
```

var.weight

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```
# need mosek installed
# compute maximum variance weights using mosek for optimization
library(Rmosek)
var.weight(X, 'mosek')

## End(Not run)
```

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